WELCOME TO THE SEPTEMBER 2024 OPEN BASIC WORKSHOP

TALKING ABOUT PAST TASKS AND ACTIONS

Objectives

- Talk about what you did (or didn't) do in the past.
- Explain <u>when</u> you did something
- Ask questions about what other people did in the past



FORMING POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE STATEMENTS

To talk about completed actions in the past, we use the **past simple** tense:

- I organized a training session for new staff.
- I didn't finish my report.



FORMING THE PAST SIMPLE - REGULAR VERBS

With 'regular' verbs, to form the past simple we simply add -ed to the end of the verb.

work

start

worked

started

design

designed

check

checked

finish

prepare

finished

prepared

EXAMPLE SENTENCES:

I worked hard today. I started work at 8:30. I *prepared* my report.



FORMING THE PAST SIMPLE - IRREGULAR VERBS

English, though, has many *ir* regular verbs which do NOT use the -ed ending. Here are some common examples:

• eat	\rightarrow	ate	leave	\rightarrow	left
• come	\rightarrow	came	make	\rightarrow	made
give	\rightarrow	gave	meet	\rightarrow	met
• go	\rightarrow	went	take	\rightarrow	took
have	\rightarrow	had	write	\rightarrow	wrote

EXAMPLE SENTENCES:

I ate lunch in the cafeteria.

I went home at 5:15.

I *met* my colleagues, and we *wrote* a report together.

THE PAST SIMPLE - NEGATIVE FORM

Sometimes, we need to talk about tasks or actions that didn't happen.

To do this, we use 'didn't' plus the base form of the verb:

EXAMPLE SENTENCES:

I didn't eat lunch in the cafeteria.

I didn't go home at 5:15.

I <u>didn't meet</u> my colleagues, and we <u>didn't write</u> a report together.

EXPLAINING WHEN YOU DID SOMETHING

- * To explain when we did something, we can use words such as 'yesterday', or 'last ... (week, month, year)'.
- * We can also use 'in' for months and years (in February, in 2021), 'on' for days (on Monday), and 'at' for time (at 8:30).
- * If you are talking about tasks or actions that you completed earlier that same day, you can use 'this morning' or 'this afternoon'.
- * We can also use words like 'first' 'then' 'before' and 'after that' to put tasks in an order.

EXAMPLE SENTENCES:

- Yesterday, I checked my emails and then I wrote a report.
- Last week, I worked in the lab on Monday and Tuesday.
- This morning, I checked my schedule for the week and after that I met my colleagues.
- I had a cup of tea before I started work at 8:30. I had lunch at 11:45 and I went home at about 5:15.

FORMING QUESTIONS

When we need to ask questions, we can use 'did'.

- Did you work on the weekend?
- Did you finish your report?
- What did you do last week?
- What time did you start work this morning?
- Where did you work before you joined Micron?
- How often did you check your emails yesterday?

EXAMPLE ANSWERS

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(No, I didn't.)
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(Yes, I did.)

(I worked in the Clean Room.)

(I started work at 8:30.)

(I worked for Toshiba.)

(I checked them at least 10 times!)

USING THE PAST SIMPLE – EXAMPLE 1

Software Engineer

Yesterday, I arrived at my desk at about 8:20. First, I checked my emails and my daily schedule. Then I had a meeting with my colleagues, and we discussed our task priorities. After that, I started my work. In the morning, I worked with a product manager and designed a new software program.

I had lunch at around 11:45 and, in the afternoon, I wrote code and helped build, test and debug software programs. I tried to finish all my daily tasks before I checked my emails again at about 4:30 and I went home at around 5:15.





DESCRIBING ROUTINES – EXAMPLE 2

People Services Manager

This morning, I started work at 8:30. I made myself a cup of coffee and then I checked my emails and messages. After that, I developed a training program for new college graduates.

I had lunch at 11:45 and, in the afternoon, I helped to resolve a workplace dispute. I finished my work on time, and I left my office at about 5:30.

IT'S TIME FOR A QUIZ!



WORKSHOP QUIZ Q's 1 and 2

- Question 1: Choose the correct sentence!
- A On the morning, I had a meeting.
- B A meeting I had at the morning,
- C A meeting in the morning I had.
- **D** In the morning, I had a meeting.

- Question 2: Choose the correct sentence!
- A I checked my emails then and I start my working.
- **B** I check my emails and started then work.
- C I checked my emails and then I started my work.
- D I check my emails and then I starting work.

WORKSHOP QUIZ Q's 3 and 4

- Question 3: Choose the correct sentence!
- A What did you time start work?
- B What time did you start work?
- C Did you start work what time?
- D Did you what time start work?

- Question 4: Choose the correct sentence!
- A Work you did in the weekend?
- B What did you work in the weekend?
- C Did you work on the weekend?
- D Where did work you on the weekend?

WORKSHOP QUIZ Q's 5 and 6

- Question 5: Choose the correct sentence!
- A I started my work in 8:30.
- **B** I started my work then 8:30.
- C I started my work at 8:30.
- D I started my work on 8:30.

- Question 6: Choose the correct sentence!
- A I checked my emails again before I went home.
- **B** I check my emails again after went I home.
- C I checked my emails again and then before I go home.
- **D** I check my emails again and then after I go home.

WORKSHOP ACTIVITY 1

Describe what you did at work yesterday in a few simple sentences.

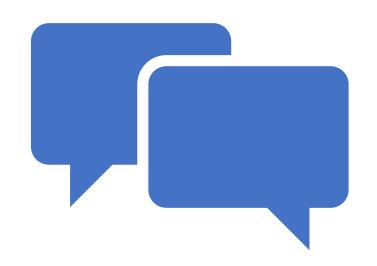
I started ... I designed ... I helped ...

I checked ... I finished ... I wrote ...

I went ... I made ... I had ...

I ate ... I drank ... I met ...

I sent ... I prepared ... I left ...



WORKSHOP ACTIVITY 2

(If time allows)

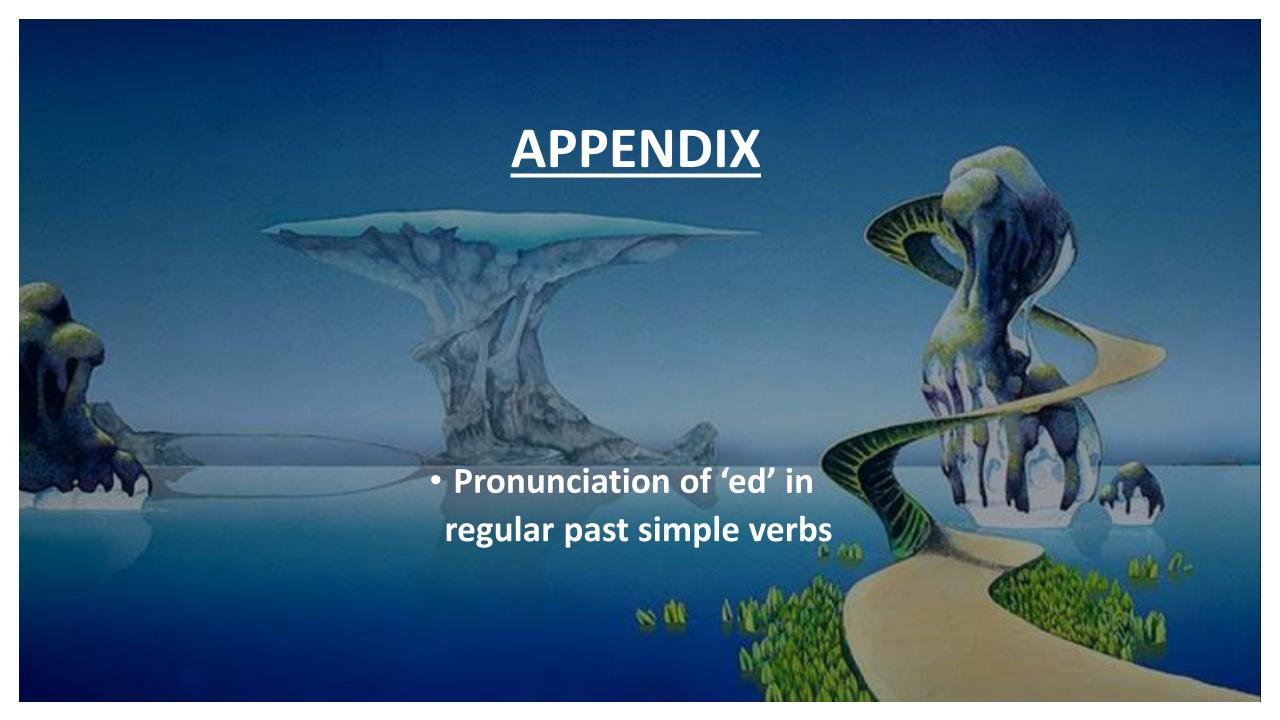
Ask another workshop participant questions about what they did at work yesterday.

What did you ...?

Did you ...?



THANK YOU!



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1 - If the verb ends in an unvoiced sound, such as / p /, / f /, / s /, / ʃ / , / ʧ / or / k /, the past simple ending is pronounced / t / e.g. stopped and washed
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2 - If the verb ends in a voiced sound, such as / b /, / g /, / tʒ /, / l /, / m /, / n /, / r /, / v /, / z / or a vowel

the past simple ending is pronounced / d /

e.g. managed and listened

3 - If the verb ends with either / t / or / d /, the past simple ending is pronounced / id / e.g. wanted and ended